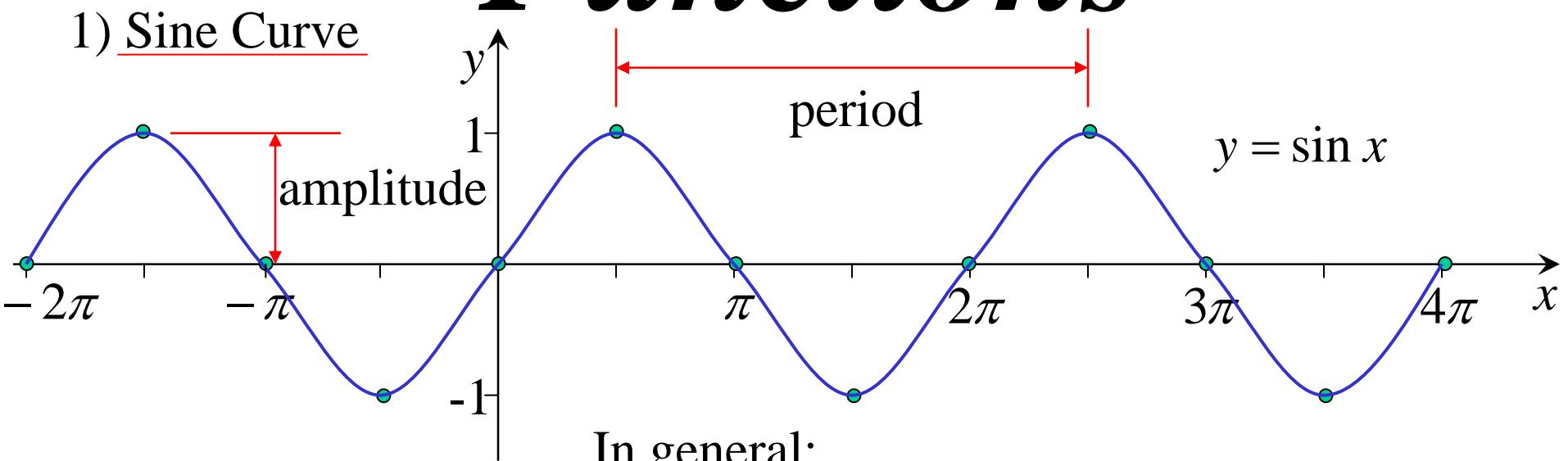


# *Graphing Trig Functions*



domain : all real  $x$   
range :  $-1 \leq y \leq 1$

In general;

$$y = a \sin(bx + c)$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{b} \text{ units}$$

$$\text{amplitude} = a \text{ units}$$

$$\text{divisions} = \frac{\text{period}}{4}$$

$$\text{shift} = \frac{c}{b} \text{ to left}$$

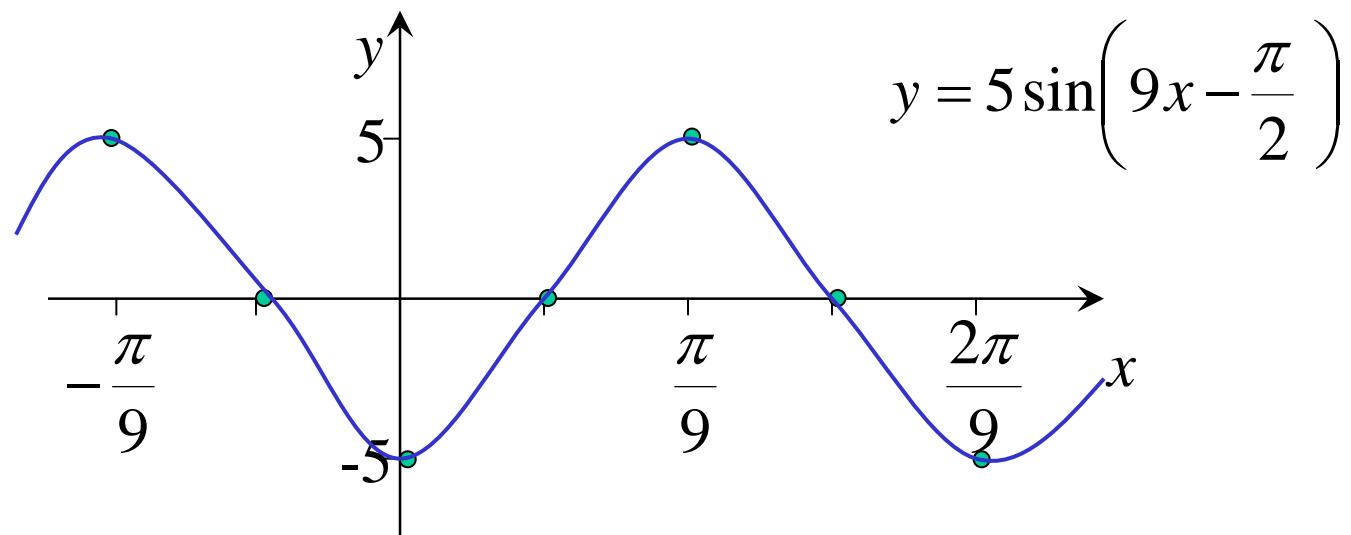
$$\text{e.g. } y = 5 \sin\left(9x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{9} \text{ units}$$

$$\text{amplitude} = 5 \text{ units}$$

$$\text{divisions} = \frac{\pi}{18}$$

$$\text{shift} = \frac{\pi}{18} \text{ to right}$$



## 2) Cosine Curve

$$y = a \cos(bx + c)$$

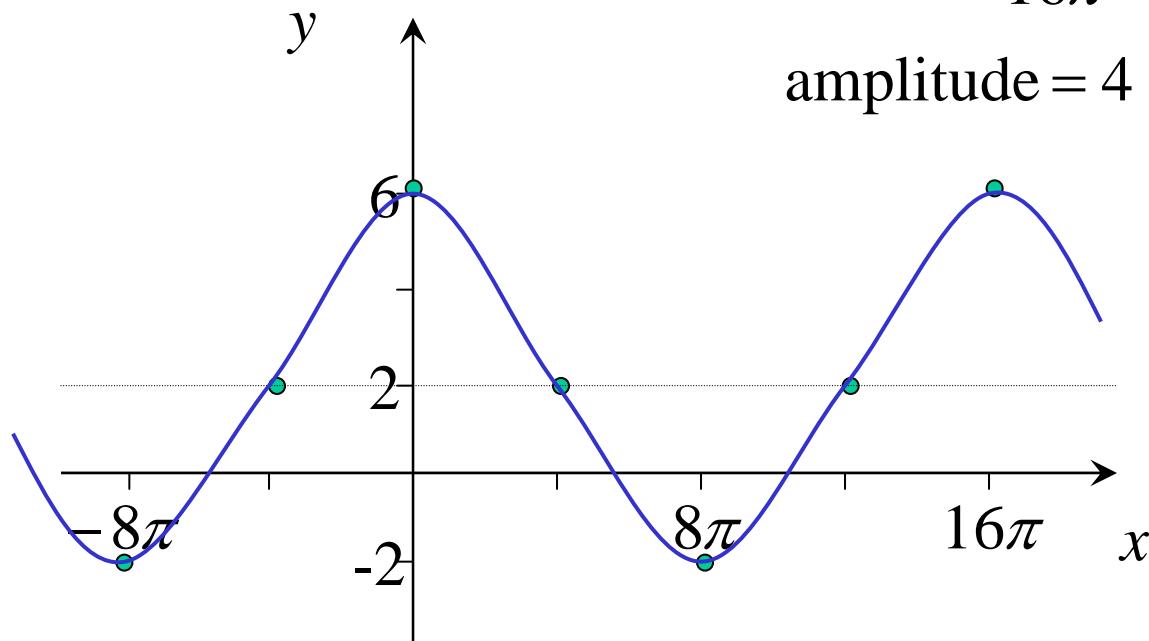
$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{b} \text{ units}$$

$$\text{amplitude} = a \text{ units}$$

$$\text{divisions} = \frac{\text{period}}{4}$$

$$\text{shift} = \frac{c}{b} \text{ to left}$$

e.g.  $y = -4 \cos\left(\frac{x}{8} + \pi\right) + 2$    period =  $\frac{2\pi}{\frac{1}{8}} = 16\pi$    divisions =  $4\pi$   
shift =  $8\pi$  to left, 2 up,  
upside down



$$y = -4 \cos\left(\frac{x}{8} + \pi\right) + 2$$

### 3) Tangent Curve

$$y = a \tan(bx + c)$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{\pi}{b} \text{ units}$$

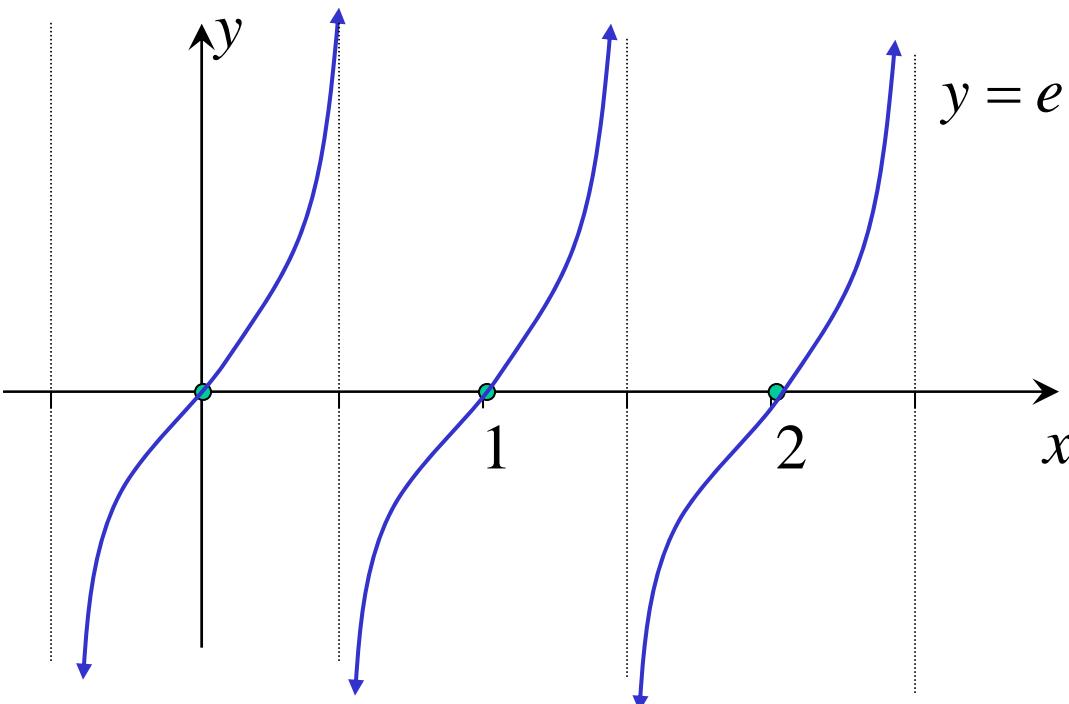
$$\text{divisions} = \frac{\text{period}}{2}$$

$$\text{shift} = \frac{c}{b} \text{ to left}$$

e.g.  $y = e \tan(\pi x - 2\pi)$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{period} &= \frac{\pi}{\pi} \\ &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{divisions} &= \frac{1}{2} \\ \text{shift} &= 2 \text{ to right}\end{aligned}$$



$$y = e \tan(\pi x - 2\pi)$$

**Exercise 14C; 2b, 3b,  
4b, 5bce, 8, 9, 10b, 13,  
15, 16, 17, 20**