

# *Relations & Functions*

A **relation** is a set of any ordered pairs that are related in any way.

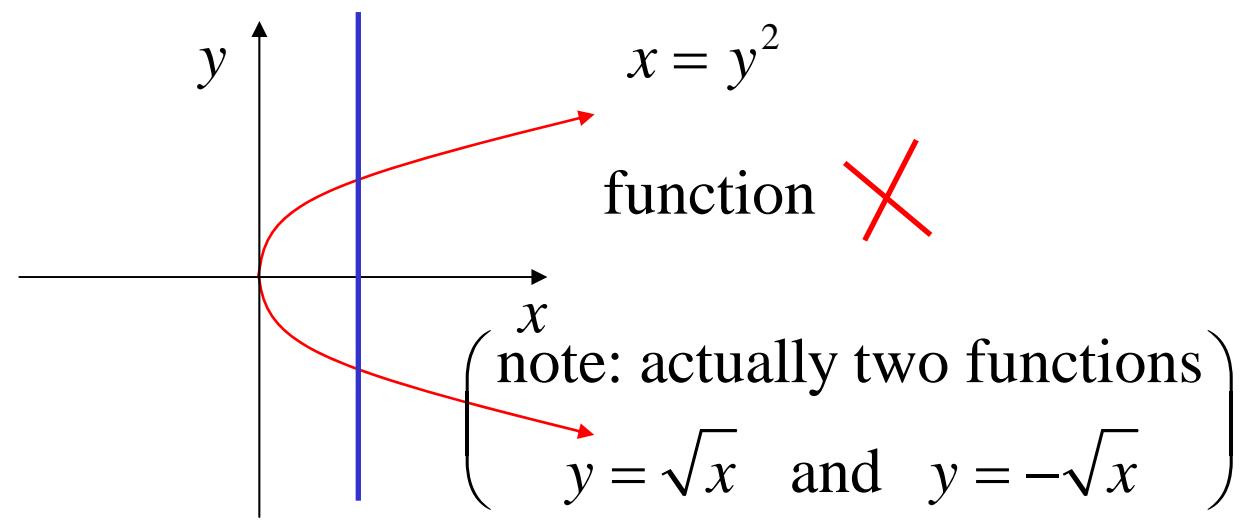
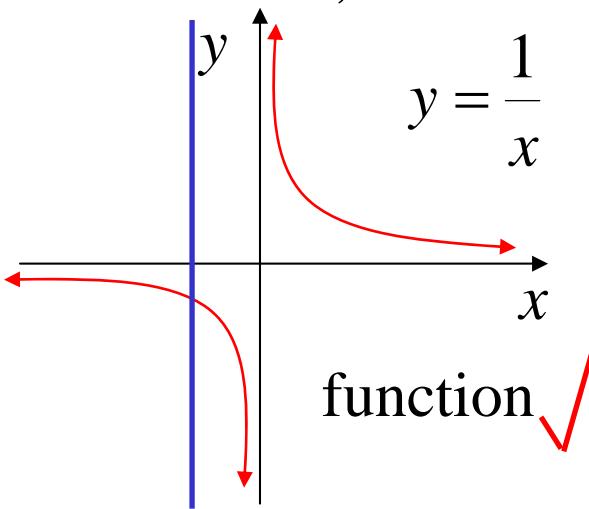
e.g.  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$

A **function** is a relation such that for any  $x$  value, there is a maximum of one  $y$  value.

e.g.  $y = x^2$

## Straight Line Test

If a straight line is drawn parallel to the  $y$  axis, it will only cross a function once, if at all.



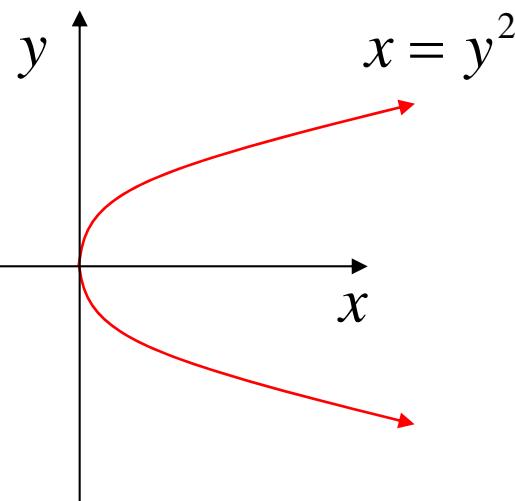
## Domain and Range $y = f(x)$

Domain: All possible values of  $x$  that can be substituted into the function/relation.

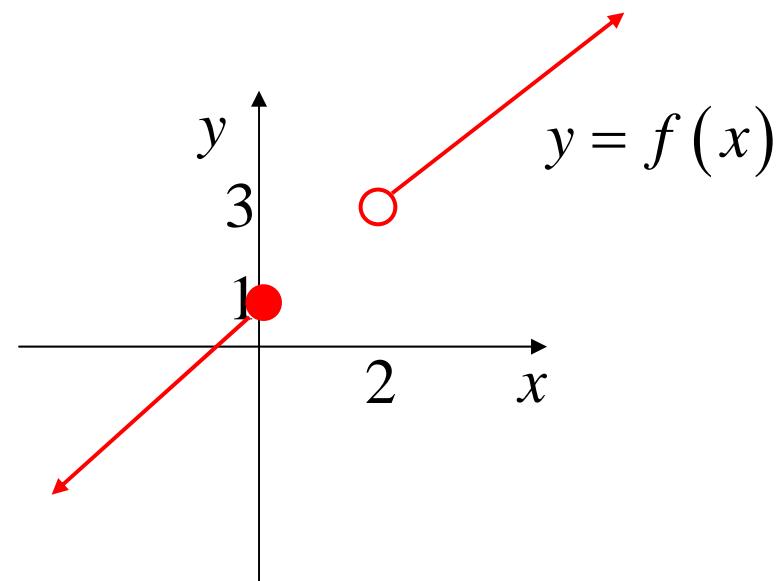
*“Domain is the INPUT of the function/relation”*

To find a domain, look for values  $x$  could **not** be.

e.g.



domain:  $x \geq 0$



domain:  $x \leq 0$  and  $x > 2$

## Things to look for:

### 1. Fractions: bottom of fraction $\neq 0$

e.g. (i)  $y = \frac{1}{x}$   
 $x \neq 0$

(ii)  $y = \frac{1}{x^2 - 1}$   
 $x^2 - 1 \neq 0$   
 $x^2 \neq 1$   
 $x \neq \pm 1$

domain: all real  $x$  except  $x = 0$

(iii)  $y = \frac{4x}{x-1} + \frac{3}{7-x}$

domain: all real  $x$  except  $x = \pm 1$

$$x - 1 \neq 0 \quad 7 - x \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 1 \quad x \neq 7$$

domain: all real  $x$  except  $x = 1$  or  $7$

## 2. Root Signs: you can't find the square root of a negative number.

e.g. (i)  $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$

$$4 - x^2 \geq 0$$

$$x^2 \leq 4$$

domain:  $-2 \leq x \leq 2$

(ii)  $y = \sqrt{x + 3} - \sqrt{5 - x}$

$$x + 3 \geq 0 \quad 5 - x \geq 0$$

$$x \geq -3 \quad x \leq 5$$

domain:  $-3 \leq x \leq 5$

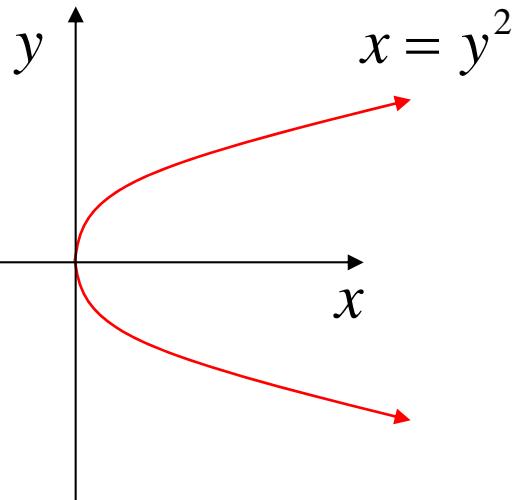
(iii)  $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + 2}}$

$$x + 2 > 0$$

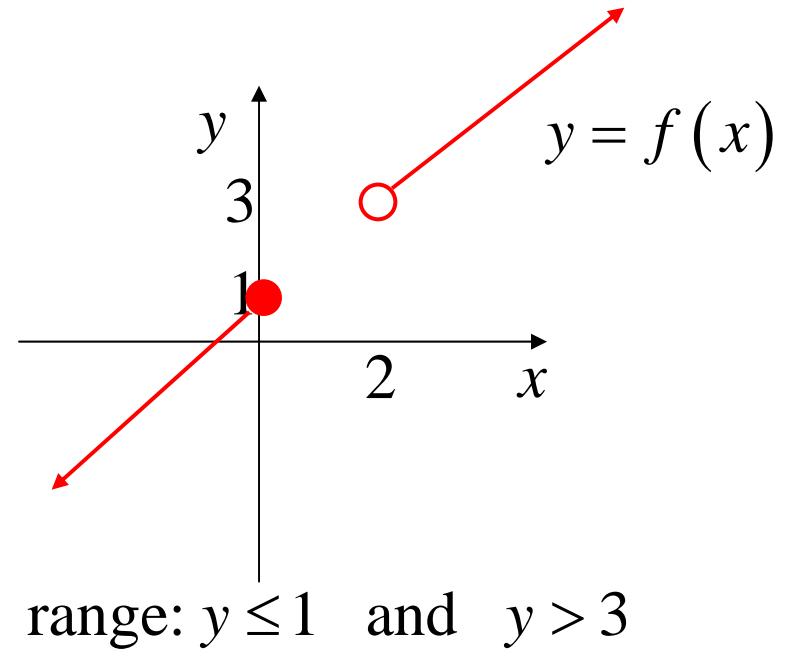
domain:  $x > -2$

Range: All possible y values obtained by substituting in the domain  
*“Range is the **OUTPUT** of the function/relation”*

e.g.



range: all real y



range:  $y \leq 1$  and  $y > 3$

## Things to look for:

### 1. Maximum/Minimum values:

even powers and absolute values  
are always  $\geq 0$

e.g. (i)  $y = x^2$

range:  $y \geq 0$

(ii)  $y = x^2 + 3$

$y \geq 0 + 3$

range:  $y \geq 3$

(iii)  $y = 5 - x^2$

$y \leq 5 - 0$

range:  $y \leq 5$

(iv)  $y = |x + 2|$

range:  $y \geq 0$

(v)  $y = |x + 2| - 5$

$y \geq 0 - 5$

range:  $y \geq -5$

## 2. Restrictions on Domain: sub in endpoints and centre of domain

e.g.  $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$       when  $x = 2, y = \sqrt{4 - 2^2} = 0$       when  $x = 0, y = \sqrt{4 - 0^2} = 2$   
domain:  $-2 \leq x \leq 2$       range:  $0 \leq y \leq 2$

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## 3. Fractions: If you have a constant on the top of the fraction, fraction $\neq 0$

e.g. (i)  $y = \frac{1}{x}$   
 $y \neq 0$   
range: all real  $y$  except  $y = 0$

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(ii)  $y = 5 + \frac{1}{x}$   
 $y \neq 5 + 0$   
range: all real  $y$  except  $y = 5$

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(iii)  $y = \frac{x+7}{x+4}$   
 $y = 1 + \frac{3}{x+4}$   
 $y \neq 1 + 0$   
range: all real  $y$  except  $y = 1$

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$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ x+4 ) x+7 \\ \underline{x+4} \\ 3 \end{array}$$

## Function Notation

e.g.  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4$

a)  $f(5) = 3(5)^2 + 4$   
 $= 75 + 4$   
 $= 79$

b)  $f(a) = \underline{3a^2 + 4}$

c)  $f(x+h) - f(x) = 3(x+h)^2 + 4 - (3x^2 + 4)$   
 $= 3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2 + 4 - 3x^2 - 4$   
 $= 6xh + 3h^2$

**Exercise 2F; 1, 2, 3acdfi, 4begh, 5a, 6, 7a, 8abd,  
10abdf, 11aceh, 12bd, 14\***