

2c)

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) \cos^2 x$$
$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) x \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right)$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) x \sin^2 x$$

$$2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) \cos^2 x dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} x - x^2\right) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\pi}{4} x^2 - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{\pi^3}{16} - \frac{\pi^3}{24}$$

$$= \frac{\pi^3}{48}$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) \cos^2 x dx = \frac{\pi^3}{96}$$

$$2a) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)}}{\sqrt{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)} + \sqrt{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)}} dx$$

$$\therefore 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\cos x} + \sqrt{\sin x}} dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx$$

$$= \left[x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3b) \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin x \, dx}{a + b \cos^2 x} &= 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x \, dx}{a + b \cos^2 x} & u = \cos x \\
&= -2 \int_1^0 \frac{du}{a + bu^2} & du = -\sin x \, dx \\
&= \frac{2}{b} \int_0^1 \frac{du}{\frac{a}{b} + u^2} \\
&= \frac{2}{b} \times \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \left[\tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{b} u}{\sqrt{a}} \right]_0^1 \\
&= \frac{2}{\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}
\end{aligned}$$