

$$b_c) \quad y' = 2^{-x} \quad y = \frac{1}{2 \log 2} \text{ when } x = 1$$

$$y = \frac{-2^{-x}}{\log 2} + c$$

$$y = \frac{-1}{2 \log 2} + c$$

$$x=1, y = \frac{1}{2 \log 2},$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \log 2} = \frac{-1}{2 \log 2} + c$$

$$\frac{2}{2 \log 2} = c$$

$$y = \frac{-1}{2^x \log 2} + \frac{1}{\log 2}$$
$$= \frac{-2^{-x} + 1}{\log 2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8c) \quad f'(x) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - x e^{-x^2} \\ &= x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}(-2x e^{-x^2}) \\ f(x) &= 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-x^2} \\ &= \underline{2\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

8(1)

$$f'(x) = \log(e^{2kx})$$

$$= 2kx \log e$$

$$= 2kx$$

$$f(x) = kx^2 + c$$

$$9a) f(x) = x e^x$$

$$f'(x) = (x)(e^x) + (e^x)(1) \\ = x e^x + e^x$$

$$\int (x e^x + e^x) dx = x e^x + c$$

$$\int x e^x dx = x e^x - \int e^x dx + c \\ = x e^x - e^x + c$$

$$10a) f(x) = e^x + e^{-x}$$

$$f'(x) = e^x - e^{-x}$$

$$b) \int_0^2 \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} dx \quad \leftarrow \int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \log f(x)$$

$$= \left[\log(e^x + e^{-x}) \right]_0^2$$

$$= \log(e^2 + e^{-2}) - \log(2)$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{e^2 + e^{-2}}{2}\right)$$

13b)

$$y = x^2 e^{-x^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (x^2)(-2x e^{-x^2}) + (e^{-x^2})(2x)$$

$$= -2x^3 e^{-x^2} + 2x e^{-x^2}$$

$$= \underline{2x e^{-x^2} (1 - x^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\therefore \int (-2x^3 e^{-x^2} + 2x e^{-x^2}) dx &= x^2 e^{-x^2} + c \\
-2 \int x^3 e^{-x^2} dx + \int 2x e^{-x^2} dx &= x^2 e^{-x^2} + c \\
2 \int x^3 e^{-x^2} dx &= \int 2x e^{-x^2} dx - x^2 e^{-x^2} + c \\
&= -e^{-x^2} - x^2 e^{-x^2} + c \\
\int x^3 e^{-x^2} dx &= \underline{\underline{-\frac{1}{2} e^{-x^2} (1+x^2) + c}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 17) \int_0^1 2^{\log x} dx &= \int_0^1 2^{\frac{\log_2 x}{\log_2 e}} dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 2^{\log_2 x \cdot \frac{1}{\log_2 e}} dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 x^{\frac{1}{\log_2 e}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[\frac{x^{(1 + \frac{1}{\log_2 e})}}{1 + \frac{1}{\log_2 e}} \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\log_2 e}}$$

$$= \frac{\log_2 e + 1}{\log_2 e}$$

$$= \frac{\log_2 e}{1 + \log_2 e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 17. \quad & \int_0^1 2^{\log x} dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 2^{\frac{\log_2 x}{\log_2 e}} dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 2^{\log_2 x} \frac{1}{\log_2 e} dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 x^{\frac{1}{\log_2 e}} dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 x^{\log_2 2} dx \\
 &= \left[\frac{x^{\log_2 2 + 1}}{\log_2 2 + 1} \right]_0^1 \\
 &= \frac{1}{\log_2 2 + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\log 2}{\log_2 2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\log_2 e}
 \end{aligned}$$