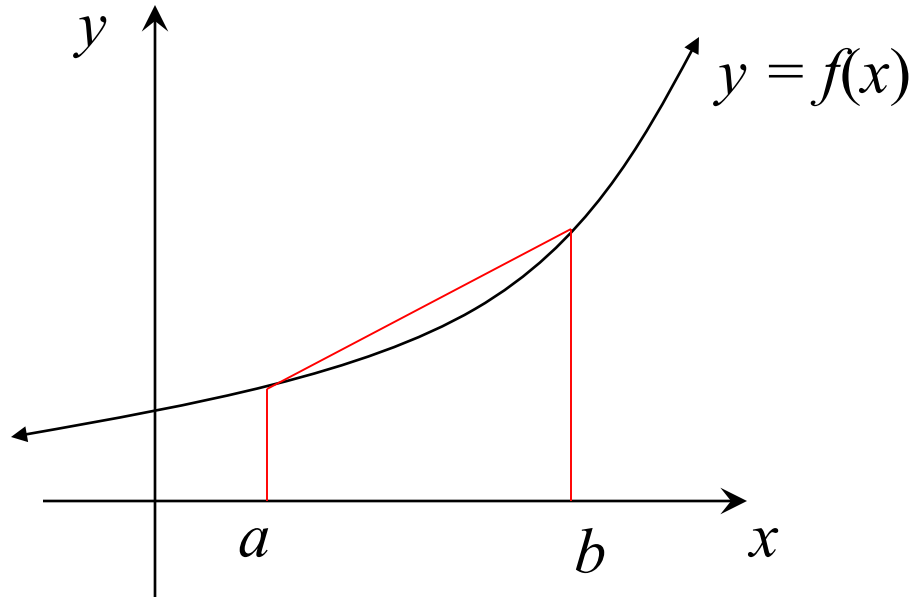
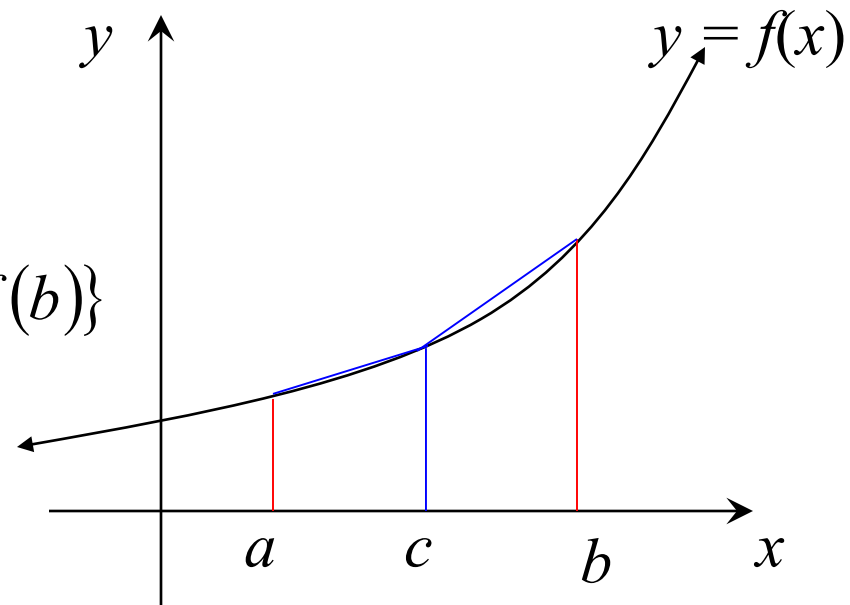


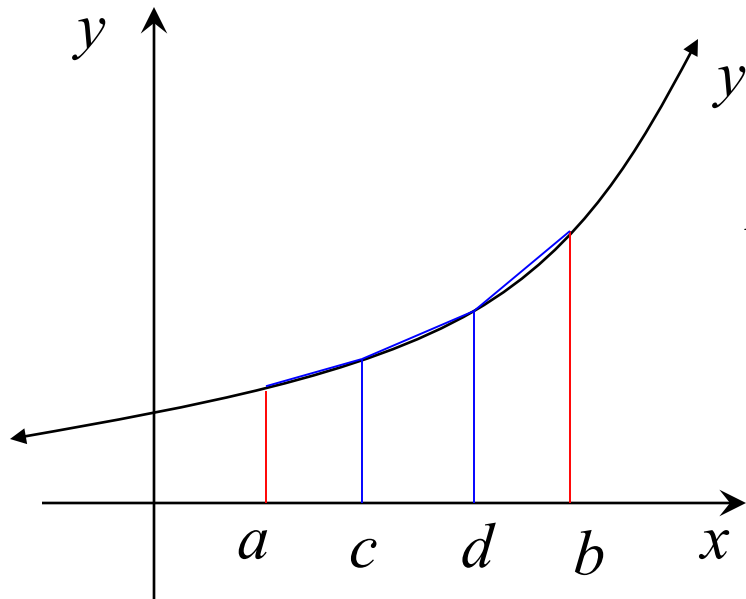
Trapezoidal Rule



$$A \approx \frac{b-a}{2} \{f(a) + f(b)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &\approx \frac{c-a}{2} \{f(a) + f(c)\} + \frac{b-c}{2} \{f(c) + f(b)\} \\ &= \frac{c-a}{2} \{f(a) + 2f(c) + f(b)\} \end{aligned}$$





$$\begin{aligned}
 A &\approx \frac{c-a}{2} \{f(a) + f(c)\} + \frac{d-c}{2} \{f(c) + f(d)\} \\
 &\quad + \frac{b-d}{2} \{f(d) + f(b)\} \\
 &= \frac{c-a}{2} \{f(a) + 2f(c) + 2f(d) + f(b)\}
 \end{aligned}$$

In general:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Area} &= \int_a^b f(x) dx \\
 &\approx \frac{h}{2} \{y_0 + 2y_{\text{others}} + y_n\}
 \end{aligned}$$

where $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$

n = number of trapeziums

NOTE: there is always one more function value than interval

e.g. Use the Trapezoidal Rule with 4 intervals to estimate the

area under the curve $y = (4 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$, between $x = 0$ and $x = 2$
(correct to 3 decimal points)

$$h = \frac{b - a}{n}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 0}{4}$$

$$= 0.5$$

	1	2	2	2	1
x	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
y	2	1.9365	1.7321	1.3229	0

$$\text{Area} \approx \frac{h}{2} \{y_0 + 2y_{\text{others}} + y_n\}$$

$$= \frac{0.5}{2} \{2 + 2(1.9365 + 1.7321 + 1.3229) + 0\}$$

$$= \underline{2.996 \text{ units}^2} \quad (\text{exact value} = \pi)$$

$$\% \text{ error} = \frac{3.142 - 2.996}{3.142} \times 100$$

$$= 4.6\%$$

Alternative working out!!!

	1	2	2	2	1
x	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
y	2	1.9365	1.7321	1.3229	0

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area} &\approx \frac{2 + 2(1.9365 + 1.7321 + 1.3229) + 0}{1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 1} \times (2 - 0) \\ &= \underline{2.996 \text{ units}^2}\end{aligned}$$

Exercise 5H; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8ab, 10, 12, 14, 15